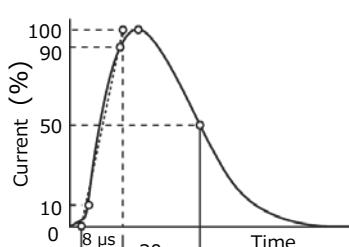


## Performance Characteristics

Characteristics		Test Methods/Description	Specifications																																																			
Standard Test Condition		Electrical measurements (initial/after tests) shall be conducted at temperature of 5 to 35 °C, relative humidity of maximum 85 %.	—																																																			
Varistor Voltage		The voltage between two terminals with the specified measuring current $C_{mA}$ DC applied is called VC or $V_{CmA}$ . The measurement shall be made as fast as possible to avoid heat affection.																																																				
Maximum Allowable Voltage		The maximum sinusoidal RMS voltage or maximum DC voltage that can be applied continuously.																																																				
Clamping Voltage		The maximum voltage between two terminals with the specified standard impulse current (8/20 $\mu$ s) illustrated below applied.	To meet the specified value.																																																			
																																																						
Rated Power		The power that can be applied in the specified ambient temperature.																																																				
Maximum Energy		The maximum energy within the varistor voltage change of ±10 % when a single impulse current of 2 ms or 10/1000 $\mu$ s is applied.																																																				
Maximum Peak Current (Withstanding Surge Current)	2 times	The maximum current within the varistor voltage change of ±10 % when a standard impulse current of 8/20 $\mu$ s is applied two times with an interval of 5 minutes.																																																				
	1 time	The maximum current within the varistor voltage change of ±10 % with a single standard impulse current of 8/20 $\mu$ s is applied.																																																				
Temperature Coefficient of Varistor Voltage		$\frac{V_{CmA} \text{ at } 85^\circ\text{C} - V_{CmA} \text{ at } 25^\circ\text{C}}{V_{CmA} \text{ at } 25^\circ\text{C}} \times \frac{1}{60} 100(\%/\text{°C})$	0 to -0.05 %/ °C max.																																																			
Capacitance		Capacitance shall be measured at 1 kHz ±10 %, 1 Vrms max. (1 MHz ±10 % below 100 pF), 0 V bias and 20±2 °C.	To meet the specified value.																																																			
Withstanding Voltage (Body Insulation)		The specified voltage shall be applied between both terminals of the specimen connected together and metal foil closely wrapped round its body for 1 minute.	No breakdown																																																			
		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Classification (Nominal varistor voltage)</th> <th>Test Voltage (AC)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>V_{0.1\text{ mA}}, V_{1\text{ mA}} \leq 330\text{ V}</math></td> <td>1000 Vrms</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>V_{0.1\text{ mA}}, V_{1\text{ mA}} &gt; 330\text{ V}</math></td> <td>1500 Vrms</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Classification (Nominal varistor voltage)	Test Voltage (AC)	$V_{0.1\text{ mA}}, V_{1\text{ mA}} \leq 330\text{ V}$	1000 Vrms	$V_{0.1\text{ mA}}, V_{1\text{ mA}} > 330\text{ V}$	1500 Vrms																																														
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Impulse Life		<p>The change of VC shall be measured after the impulse current listed below is applied 10000 or 100000 times continuously with the interval of 10 seconds at room temperature.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Part No.</th> <th rowspan="2">Item Times</th> <th>Impulse Life( I )</th> <th>Impulse Life( II )</th> </tr> <tr> <th><math>\times 10^4</math> Times</th> <th><math>\times 10^5</math> Times</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>ERZV05D180 to ERZV05D680</td> <td>8 A (8/20 <math>\mu</math>s)</td> <td>5 A (8/20 <math>\mu</math>s)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ERZV07D180 to ERZV07D680</td> <td>25 A (8/20 <math>\mu</math>s)</td> <td>15 A (8/20 <math>\mu</math>s)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ERZV09D180 to ERZV09D680</td> <td>50 A (8/20 <math>\mu</math>s)</td> <td>35 A (8/20 <math>\mu</math>s)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ERZV10D180 to ERZV10D680</td> <td>50 A (8/20 <math>\mu</math>s)</td> <td>35 A (8/20 <math>\mu</math>s)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ERZV14D180 to ERZV14D680</td> <td>90 A (8/20 <math>\mu</math>s)</td> <td>50 A (8/20 <math>\mu</math>s)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ERZV20D180 to ERZV20D680</td> <td>130 A (8/20 <math>\mu</math>s)</td> <td>65 A (8/20 <math>\mu</math>s)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ERZV05D820 to ERZV05D471</td> <td>40 A (8/20 <math>\mu</math>s)</td> <td>25 A (8/20 <math>\mu</math>s)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ERZV07D820 to ERZV07D511</td> <td>100 A (8/20 <math>\mu</math>s)</td> <td>60 A (8/20 <math>\mu</math>s)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ERZV09D820 to ERZV09D511</td> <td>150 A (8/20 <math>\mu</math>s)</td> <td>85 A (8/20 <math>\mu</math>s)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ERZV10D820 to ERZV10D112</td> <td>150 A (8/20 <math>\mu</math>s)</td> <td>85 A (8/20 <math>\mu</math>s)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ERZV10D182CS</td> <td>120 A (8/20 <math>\mu</math>s)</td> <td>75 A (8/20 <math>\mu</math>s)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ERZV14D820 to ERZV14D112</td> <td>200 A (8/20 <math>\mu</math>s)</td> <td>110 A (8/20 <math>\mu</math>s)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ERZV14D182CS</td> <td>150 A (8/20 <math>\mu</math>s)</td> <td>90 A (8/20 <math>\mu</math>s)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ERZV20D820 to ERZV20D112</td> <td>250 A (8/20 <math>\mu</math>s)</td> <td>120 A (8/20 <math>\mu</math>s)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ERZV20D182</td> <td>200 A (8/20 <math>\mu</math>s)</td> <td>100 A (8/20 <math>\mu</math>s)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Part No.	Item Times	Impulse Life( I )	Impulse Life( II )	$\times 10^4$ Times	$\times 10^5$ Times	ERZV05D180 to ERZV05D680	8 A (8/20 $\mu$ s)	5 A (8/20 $\mu$ s)	ERZV07D180 to ERZV07D680	25 A (8/20 $\mu$ s)	15 A (8/20 $\mu$ s)	ERZV09D180 to ERZV09D680	50 A (8/20 $\mu$ s)	35 A (8/20 $\mu$ s)	ERZV10D180 to ERZV10D680	50 A (8/20 $\mu$ s)	35 A (8/20 $\mu$ s)	ERZV14D180 to ERZV14D680	90 A (8/20 $\mu$ s)	50 A (8/20 $\mu$ s)	ERZV20D180 to ERZV20D680	130 A (8/20 $\mu$ s)	65 A (8/20 $\mu$ s)	ERZV05D820 to ERZV05D471	40 A (8/20 $\mu$ s)	25 A (8/20 $\mu$ s)	ERZV07D820 to ERZV07D511	100 A (8/20 $\mu$ s)	60 A (8/20 $\mu$ s)	ERZV09D820 to ERZV09D511	150 A (8/20 $\mu$ s)	85 A (8/20 $\mu$ s)	ERZV10D820 to ERZV10D112	150 A (8/20 $\mu$ s)	85 A (8/20 $\mu$ s)	ERZV10D182CS	120 A (8/20 $\mu$ s)	75 A (8/20 $\mu$ s)	ERZV14D820 to ERZV14D112	200 A (8/20 $\mu$ s)	110 A (8/20 $\mu$ s)	ERZV14D182CS	150 A (8/20 $\mu$ s)	90 A (8/20 $\mu$ s)	ERZV20D820 to ERZV20D112	250 A (8/20 $\mu$ s)	120 A (8/20 $\mu$ s)	ERZV20D182	200 A (8/20 $\mu$ s)	100 A (8/20 $\mu$ s)	$\Delta V_{CmA}/V_{CmA} \leq \pm 10\%$
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## Performance Characteristics

Characteristics	Test Methods/Description	Specifications													
Mechanical	<p>Robustness of Terminations (Tensile)</p> <p>After gradually applying the force specified below and keeping the unit fixed for 10 seconds, the terminal shall be visually examined for any damage.</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Terminal diameter</th> <th>Force</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>ø0.6 mm, ø0.8 mm</td> <td>9.8 N</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ø1.0 mm</td> <td>19.6 N</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Terminal diameter	Force	ø0.6 mm, ø0.8 mm	9.8 N	ø1.0 mm	19.6 N	No remarkable mechanical damage							
Terminal diameter	Force														
ø0.6 mm, ø0.8 mm	9.8 N														
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<p>Robustness of Terminations (Bending)</p> <p>The unit shall be secured with its terminal kept vertical and the force specified below shall be applied in the axial direction.</p> <p>The terminal shall gradually be bent by 90 ° in one direction, then 90 ° in the opposite direction, and again back to the original position.</p> <p>The damage of the terminal shall be visually examined.</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Terminal diameter</th> <th>Force</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>ø0.6 mm, ø0.8 mm</td> <td>4.9 N</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ø1.0 mm</td> <td>9.8 N</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Terminal diameter	Force	ø0.6 mm, ø0.8 mm	4.9 N	ø1.0 mm	9.8 N									
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Vibration															
After repeatedly applying a single harmonic vibration (amplitude: 0.75 mm, double amplitude: 1.5 mm) with 1 minute vibration frequency cycles (10 Hz to 55 Hz to 10 Hz) to each of three perpendicular directions for 2 hours.															
Thereafter, the unit shall be visually examined.															
Solderability	After dipping the terminals to a depth of approximately 3 mm from the body in a soldering bath of $235 \pm 5$ °C for $2 \pm 0.5$ seconds, the terminal shall be visually examined.	Approximately 95 % of the terminals shall be covered with new solder uniformly.													
Resistance to Soldering Heat	After each lead shall be dipped into a solder bath having a temperature of $260 \pm 5$ °C to a point 2.0 to 2.5 mm from the body of the unit, using shielding board ( $t=1.5$ mm), be held there for $10 \pm 1$ s and then be stored at room temperature and normal humidity for 1 to 2 hours. The change of $V_{CmA}$ and mechanical damages shall be examined.	$\Delta V_{CmA}/V_{CmA} \leq \pm 5\%$													
Environmental	High Temperature Storage/Dry Heat	$\Delta V_{CmA}/V_{CmA} \leq \pm 5\%$													
	The specimen shall be subjected to $125 \pm 2$ °C for 1000 hours in a thermostatic bath without load and then stored at room temperature and normal humidity for 1 to 2 hours. Thereafter, the change of $V_{CmA}$ shall be measured.														
	Humidity	$\Delta V_{CmA}/V_{CmA} \leq \pm 5\%$													
	The specimen shall be subjected to $40 \pm 2$ °C, 90 to 95 % RH for 1000 hours without load and then stored at room temperature and normal humidity for 1 to 2 hours. Thereafter, the change of $V_{CmA}$ shall be measured.														
Temperature Cycle	The temperature cycle shown below shall be repeated five cycles and then stored at room temperature and normal humidity for 1 to 2 hours. The change of $V_{CmA}$ and mechanical damage shall be examined.	$\Delta V_{CmA}/V_{CmA} \leq \pm 5\%$ No remarkable mechanical damage													
	<table> <thead> <tr> <th>Step</th> <th>Temperature (°C)</th> <th>Period (minutes)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>-40±3</td> <td>30±3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>Room temperature</td> <td>15±3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>125±2</td> <td>30±3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>Room temperature</td> <td>15±3</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Step	Temperature (°C)	Period (minutes)	1	-40±3	30±3	2	Room temperature	15±3	3	125±2	30±3	4
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1	-40±3	30±3													
2	Room temperature	15±3													
3	125±2	30±3													
4	Room temperature	15±3													
High Temperature Load/Dry Heat Load	After being continuously applied the Maximum Allowable Voltage at $85 \pm 2$ °C for 1000 hours, the specimen shall be stored at room temperature and normal humidity for 1 to 2 hours. Thereafter, the change of $V_{CmA}$ shall be measured.	$\Delta V_{CmA}/V_{CmA} \leq \pm 10\%$													
Damp Heat Load/Humidity Load	The specimen shall be subjected to $40 \pm 2$ °C, 90 to 95 % RH and the Maximum Allowable Voltage for 1000 hours and then stored at room temperature and normal humidity for 1 to 2 hours. Thereafter, the change of $V_{CmA}$ shall be measured.														
Low Temperature Storage/Cold	The specimen shall be subjected to $-40 \pm 2$ °C without load for 1000 hours and then stored at room temperature and normal humidity for 1 to 2 hours. Thereafter, the change of $V_{CmA}$ shall be measured.	$\Delta V_{CmA}/V_{CmA} \leq \pm 5\%$													